B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semes		m : II Academic Year : 2018-19	
Course	Tit	le : Field Crops – II (Rabi Crops)	
Credit Day &			
	Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions fr 2. All questions from SECTION "I 3. All questions carry equal marks. 4. Draw neat diagrams wherever ne	cessary.	
	SECTION	ON "A" Kolhapur 416112	
Q.1	Describe in short cultivation of Suru Suga	arcane on following points.	
	a) Fertilizer management	b) Water management	
	c) Planting time and methods	d) Varieties	
Q.2	Describe the cultivation of Tobacco on for	llowing key points.	
	a) Soil and climate	b) Manures and fertilizers	
	c) Land preparation	d) Topping	
Q.3	Elaborate the following points of Wheat	cultivation.	
	a) Seed and sowing	b) Manures and fertilizers	
	c) Irrigation	d) Harvesting and yield	
Q.4	Elaborate the cultivation practices of Safflower crop on following points.		
	a) Soil and climate	b) Seed and sowing	
	c) Manures and fertilizers	d) Harvesting and yield	
Q.5	Describe in brief cultivation of Chickpea	on following points.	
	a) Seed and sowing	b) Soil and climate	
	c) Manures and fertilizers	d) Irrigation	
Q.6	Elaborate the following points on Fodder	maize cultivation.	
	a) Manures and fertilizers	b) Varieties	
	c) Soil and climate	d) Sign of maturity and fodder yield	
Q.7	Give the information on following points about the cultivation of Mustard.		
	a) Varieties	b) Seed and sowing	
	c) Fertilizer management	d) Crop rotation	
		(P.T.O.)	

Q.8	Describe in brief cultivation of Barley on following points.		
	a) Recommended varieties	b) Seed and sowing	
	c) Manures and fertilizers	d) Harvesting and yield	
Q.9	Elaborate the following points of Berseen	cultivation.	
	a) Soil and climate	b) Manures and fertilizers	
	c) Seed rate and spacing	Economic importance	
Q.10	Write short notes (Any two).	nde Tell	
	a) Medical uses of Isabgol		
	b) Seeds and sowing of potato	112 .353	
	c) Economic importance and uses of Palm	arosa	
	SECTIO	ON "B"	
Q.11	Fill in the blanks.		
	Potato belongs to the family	<u>.</u>	
	2) Botanical name of pea is		
	3) Lemon grass belongs to fan	nily.	
	4) Seed rate of oat iskg/ha.	•	
	5) Sugar beet content percenta	ge of sugar.	
	6) Linseed contains per cent of	il.	
	7) Botanical name of opium poppy is		
	8) Lentil is originated form		
Q.12	Match the following pairs.		
	'A'	'B'	
	1) Lucerne	a) Phaseolus vulgaris	
	2) Lentil	b) Hordeum valgare	
	Sugar beet	c) Cruciferae	
	4) Citronella	d) Sorghum biocolour	
	5) Sorghum	e) Cymbopogan winterianus	
	6) Rape seed	f) Lens esculenta	
	7) Barley	g) Medicago sativa	
	8) French bean	h) Beta vulgris	
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B.Sc. (Agri.)

Academic Year : 2018-19 : II Term : IV (Old) Semester : ASDS 242 Course No. : Livestock Breeding and Nutrition Title : 2(1+1) Credits ory. College of Agrical Talsands Total Marks: 40 : 09.00 to 11.00 Day & Date : Tuesday, 07.05.2019 Time Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A". Note:

All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Enlist various phases followed during cell division under Mitosis and Meiosis. Q.1 Describe in short various events followed at Mitosis?
- What is mean by chromosomal aberration? Explain in short and give the classification of Q.2 chromosomal aberrations?
- What is Hardy-Weinberg law? Enlist four steps of proof of Hardy-Weinberg law Q.3with constancy of gene frequency and give the properties of Hardy-Weinberg law.
- Enlist the basis and methods of selection and write down advantages and Q.4 limitations of Pedigree selection?
- Define feed stuff. Give the classification of feed-stuffs with suitable examples and Q.5 write down short note on unconventional feed stuffs?
- Enlist various six major feed nutrients and write down functions of carbohydrates Q.6 in animal body.
- What is mean by feeding standards? Enlist advantages of feeding standards. Q.7
- Describe in short functions of various organs of cattle digestive system. Q.8
- Q.9 Write short notes (Any two).
 - a) Spermatogenesis
 - b) Urea Molasses Mineral Blocks (UMMB) Licks
 - c) Advantages of Silage making
- Differentiate between (Any two). Q.10
 - a) Qualitative and Quantitative trait
 - b) Roughages and Concentrates
 - c) Plant cell and Animal cell

Q.11	.11 Define the following term				
	1) Half sib			2) Balance rat	ion
	3) Repeatabilit	у		4) Selection	
Q.12	Select proper a	nswer.			
	1) Sudden char	nge in the struc	cture of gene	is known as _	
	a) Migration	. 1	b) Mutation		c) Selection
	2) is the byproduct obtained from sugar industry.			ustry.	
	a) Silage	ì	b) Molasses		c) Brains
	3) is known as Father of genetics.				
	a) Mendel	12	b) Muller		c) Khurana
	4) Milk fever is cause due to deficiency of				
	a) Calcium		b) Copper		c) Cobalt
					79
			****	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Academic Year : 2018-19 Term Course No. : BOT 245 Breeding of Field and Horticultural Title Credits : 3 (2+1) Crops Day & Date : Wednesday, 08.05.2019 Time : 09.00 to 12.00 Total Marks : 80 College of Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A". All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory. Talsande All questions carry equal marks. IBRARY Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary. SECTION "A"

- Q.1 Write botanical name, chromosome number, family and breeding objectives of following crops (Any two).
 - a) Finger millet
- b) Guava
- c) Chilli
- Q.2. Enlist breeding methods in autogamous crops. Explain pedigree method of breeding.
- Q.3 Define ideotype. Give different types of ideotype. Describe main features of ideotype breeding.
- Q.4 Explain in brief.
 - a) IPR

- b) Germplasm
- Q.5 a) Explain mechanism for insect resistance.
 - b) Describe sources of disease resistance in crop plants.
- Q.6 a) Describe simple measures of variability used for assessing the variability of germplasm.
 - b) Define combining ability and give its types.
- Q.7 Define Drought resistance. Explain morphological characters associated with Drought resistance.
- Q.8 What is clonal selection? Describe the method for clonal selection along with it's merits and demerits.
- Q.9 a) Define stability. Enlist different models of stability analysis and give its significance in plant breeding.
 - b) Enlist breeding objectives of Rose
- Q.10 a) Explain gene for gene hypothesis.
 - b) Enlist hurdle's in breeding for salinity resistance.

Q.11	2.11 Define the following terms.		
	1) Recurrent parent	2) Pathotype	
	3) Biometrics	4) Mutation	
	5) Inbreeding depression	6) Hardy weinberg law	
	7) Gene bank	8) Stress	
Q.12	Give full form of the following		
	1) UPOV	2) IPGRI	
	3) CRRI	4) ICARDA	
	b) Fill in the blanks.		
	1) Jute belongs to family 2) Individuals with unlike alleles at the corresponding loci are known as 3) Headquarter of UPOV is at		
	4) The term ideotype was first proposed by		

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B.Sc. (Agri.) Academic Year : 2018-19 Semester Term : II : IV (Old) : ECON 243 Course No. Title : Agricultural Finance and Cooperation Credits : 2(1+1) Day & Date : Friday, 03.05.2019 : 09.00 to 11.00 Total Marks : 40 Time Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A". Note: All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory, All questions carry equal marks. Talsande Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary. Kolhapur SECTION "A" What is credit? State classification of credit on the basis of Security and explain Q.1 in detail hypothecated type of loan. Q.2 What do you mean by Agricultural finance? Explain in short principles of farm finance. Q.3 State types of repayment plans and explain 'Amortized repayment plan' with example. Explain in detail objectives and functions of NABARD. Q.4 Q.5 What is Co-operation? State and explain principles of co-operation. Explain in detail three tier co-operative credit structures in Maharashtra. Q.6 Q.7 What do you understood by 3 R's of credit? Explain risk bearing ability with example. Q.8 What is time value of money? Explain the discounted measures of project appraisal. Q.9 State different institutional and non-institutional sources of credit in India and elaborate non-institutional sources in detail. Q.10 Write short note (Any two). b) Functions of RBI a) Importance of Crop Insurance c) Need of Agricultural Credit SECTION "B" Define the following terms. 1) Self liquidating loan 2) Scale of finance 3) Junk value 4) Long term loan Q.12 Give full form of following. 1) IMF 2) IBRD 3) DICGC 4) CRAFICARD

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Academic Year : 2018-19 Term : II Course No. : ENTO 242 Title : Insect Ecology, Integrated Pest Credits : 3 (2+1) Management and Beneficial Insects Day & Date : Saturday, 04.05.2019 09.00 to 12.00 Time Total Marks : 80

Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A".

2. All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory. College of Agra.

3. All questions carry equal marks

All questions carry equal marks.

Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

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- Enlist biotic and abiotic components of environment and explain the influence of Q.1 temperature on insects.
- Q.2 Define pest and enlist their categories? Describe the factors responsible for pest outbreak in agro ecosystem.
- Q.3 Define IPM. Enlist the different methods of pest control and explain in detail the mechanical control.
- Define pesticide formulation, Why need to formulate pesticides? Describe types of Q.4 pesticide formulations.
- Q.5 a) Define insecticide. Write down the properties of ideal insecticides or pesticides.
 - b) Distinguish between predator and parasite.
- Q.6 a) What is biological control? Describe the Techniques of Biological Control.
 - b) Classify the insecticides on the basis of mode of entry.
- a) Define apiculture. Explain the duties performed by worker bee. Q.7
 - b) Define sericulture. Write down the procedure of rearing mulberry silkworm.
- Describe in detail mass production technique of Trichogramma spp. and Helicoverpa Q.8 armigera NPV.
- State the four important species of rat with their scientific names. Describe cultural Q.9 and chemical methods adopted for rodent control in field.
- Q.10 Write short notes (Any two).
 - a) Microbial control
 - b) Insecticide Act, 1968
 - c) Mechanism of HPR

Q.11	Define the following terms		
	1) Insect ecology	2) Lac culture	
	3) Pheromones	4) LC ₅₀	
	5) ETL	6) Pest resurgence	
	7) Pest survey	8) Agro ecosystem	
Q.12	Do as directed.		
	1) The active ingredient of Neem is		
	1) The active nigretient of Neem is	·	
	Insects which are active at dusk are ca	lled	
	3) Who is the founder of male sterile techniques?		
	4) Chemicals that induce avoiding (oriented) movements in insect away from the		
4	source are called		
	5) State any two antidotes used for noiso	ning due to stomach poison	
	 5) State any two antidotes used for poisoning due to stomach poison. 6) State any one example of sprayers and duster. 7) The lure used to attract Helicoverpa armigera is 8) Give any two host plants of Lac insects. 		
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4.7.

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Term : II Academic Year : 2018-19 Course No. : HORT 243 Title : Production Technology of spices, Aromatic, Medicinal and Plantation Crops Credits : 2(1+1) Day & Date : Thursday, 09.05.2019 : 09.00 to 11.00 Time Total Marks: 40 College of

Solve ANY EDGHT questions from SECTION "A",

All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory.

All questions carry equal marks.

Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Q.1 Explain importance of medicinal and plantation crops.
- Q.2 Classify medicinal plants on the basis of plant part used for commercial formulation.
- Q.3 Discuss in detail cultivation of Ginger on the following points.
 - a) Soil and climate

- b) Propagation and planting
- c) Manures and fertilizers
- d) Harvesting and yield
- Q.4 Write cultivation of Coconut on following aspects.
 - a) Soil and climate

b) Raising of seedlings and varieties

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Kolhapur

- c) Manures and fertilizers
- d) Harvesting and yield
- Describe cultivation of Lemon grass on following points. Q.5
 - a) Soil and climate

b) Propagation and planting

c) Varieties

- d) Harvesting and yield
- Write short notes (Any Two). Q.6
 - a) Protection, training and pruning in black pepper
 - b) Latex collection of opium poppy
 - c) Processing of coffee
- Discuss cultivation of Isabgol in respect of soil, climate, manuring, irrigation, Q.7 harvesting, yield and one pest with control measure.
- Furnish information on cultivation of Cinnamon on the following aspects. Q.8
 - a) Uses

b) Soil and climate

c) Varieties

d) Harvesting and processing

- Give information on. Q.9
 - a) Lowering down in betel vine
 - b) Gum tapping in guggul

Q.10	Describe the cultivation of Korphad (Aloe) on following points.		
	a) Soil and climate		b) Propagation and planting
	c) Manuring	,	d) Harvesting and yield

Q.11 Match the following pairs.

'A'

1) Hemanti

a) Areca catechu L.

2) Vincristine

b) Terminalia chebulla

3) VTLAH

c) Pelargonium graveolens

4) Triphala

d) Catharanthus roseus

- Q.12 Do as directed.
 - 1) Where Directorate of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Research is located?
 - 2) State names of different parts of cashew nut fruit.
 - 3) Which parts of nutmeg fruits are commercially used?
 - 4) State the name of sweetener extracted from the plant of Stevia rebaudiana.



B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Term Academic Year : 2018-19 Course No. : PATH 243 Title : Diseases of Field Crops and Their Credits : 3 (2+1) Management Day & Date : Thursday, 02.05.2019 : 09.00 to 12.00 Time Total Marks : 80

Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A".

2. All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory./

3. All questions carry equal marks.

Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Q.1 a) Enlist the major diseases of soybean caused by fungi, enumerate the symptoms and management strategies for rust of soybean.
 - b) Describe in detail whip smut of sugarcane in respect of symptoms, etiology and management.
- Q.2 a) Enlist any three important diseases of rice. Describe symptoms and management strategies for bacterial leaf blight of rice.
 - b) Write in detail favorable conditions, spread survival and management of yellow mosaic disease of green gram.
- Q.3 a) Write in brief differential characteristics of Cercospora arachidicola and Cercospora personatum.
 - b) Describe in short symptoms and perpetuation of Puccinia helianthi and Alternaria helianthi.
- Q.4 Write short notes (Any two).
 - a) Blast of ragi

b) Striga

c) Broomrape

d) Anthracnose of cotton

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- Q.5 a) Describe in brief differential characters of all smut causing fungi in sorghum.
 - b) Describe in brief sterility mosaic disease of pigeon pea in relation with cause, symptoms and management practices.
- Q.6 a) Describe in brief cause and symptoms of downy mildew causing fungi in bajra.
 - b) Write in brief causal organism, symptoms, transmission and management of necrosis of sunflower.
- Q.7 Write cause, symptoms and management for following diseases.
 - a) Root rot of bengal gram
- b) Leaf blotch of turmeric
- Q.8 Describe in detail life cycle of Puccinia graminis tritici

Q.9	Give in short, the cause symptoms and management for following diseases.			
	a) Angular leaf spot of cotton.	b) Wilt of safflower.		
Q.10	Write primary and secondary source of in	fection of following diseases.		
	a) Downy mildew of maize	b) Ergot of bajra	Ter	
	c) Tikka of groundnut	d) Rust of sunflower		
	CollegsECTIO	QN "B"		
Q.11	Match the following pairs. Talsande LIBRARY Kolhapur	'B'	**	
	1) Cleistothecium	a) Orostius albicinctus		
4	2) Phyllody of sesamum	b) Erysiphe polygoni		
	3) Red gram wilt	c) Autoecious		
	4) Linseed rust	d) Hetroecious		
	5) Wheat rust	e) BSMR-736		
	6) Rust of bajra	f) Ergot fungi		
	7) Ascospores in stroma	g) Alternaria ricini	¥.	
	8) Leaf blight of castor	h) Brinjal		
Q.12	Fill in the blanks.			
	1) Sterility mosaic disease in pigeon pea	is transmitted by		
	2) Leaf curl of tobacco is caused by			
	3) Alternate host of black stem rust of wheat is			
	4) Downy mildew effectively controls by			
	5) Leaf blotch of garlic caused by			
	6) Extreme sensitivity to 2-4-D occurs in	crop.		
	7) Fusarium oxysporum perpetuate in soi	l in the form of		
	8) Wheat bunt is caused by			

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Academic Year : 2018-19 II Semester : IV (Old) Term : SSAC 243 Course No. Manures, Fertilizers and Agrochemicals Title : 3 (2+1) Credits Total Marks : 80 09.00 to 12:00 Day & Date : Friday, 10.05.2019 Time

All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory College of Agrical All questions carry equal marks

Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- a) What is organic recycling? Explain in brief the C: N ratios. Q.1
 - b) Define concentrated organic manures. Give its classification with suitable examples.
- a) Enlist different types of compost and explain vermicomposting in brief. Q.2
 - b) State types of green manuring. Give advantages and disadvantages of green manuring.
- a) Explain in brief the decomposition of organic compounds. Q.3
 - b) Differentiate between sewage and sludge.
- a) Classify the nitrogenous fertilizers with suitable examples.
 - b) Give the general reactions of SSP and Rock phosphate in soil.
- a) Explain in brief the management of nitrogenous fertilizers in soil. Q.5
 - b) Classify the potassic fertilizers and give the sources of potassic fertilizers.
- a) Define complex fertilizers and explain in brief the advantages of complex fertilizers. Q.6
 - b) Define micronutrients and give the sources of micronutrient fertilizers.
- a) Explain in brief the handling and storage of phosphatic and potassic fertilizers. Q.7
 - b) Define Biofertilizer and explain in brief the symbiotic nitrogen fixation.
- a) Give the classification of pesticide with suitable examples. Q.8
 - b) Give the mode of action of organophosphate insecticides.
- a) Write in brief the general mode of action of herbicides. Q.9
 - b) What are phytohormones? Give its classification with suitable examples.

Q.10	Write short notes (Any two) LIBRAI a) Fertilizer control order	RY	
	a) Fertilizer control order	b) Mode of action of lime sulphur	
	c) Bulky organic manures	d) Natural chelates	
	SECTIO	ON "B"	
Q.11	Define the following terms.		
	1) Compost	2) Fertilizers	
	3) Manures	4) Nitrification	
	5) Anaerobic	6) Fungicide	
	7) Insecticide	8) Synthetic pyrethroids	
Q.12	Answer in one sentence.		
	1) Give average chemical composition of FYM.		
	2) What are mycorrhizae?		
	3) Give one example of carbamate insecticide.		
	4) Give one example of water soluble phosphatic fertilizer.		
	5) Give the name of secondary nutrients.		
	6) Name the plant originated insecticide.		
	7) Name one defoliant		

8) Give one example of copper fungicide.