Semes	ster	: IV (Old)	Term	:	II Academic Year : 2017-18
Cours		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Title	:	Field Crops - II (Rabi Crops)
Credi Day &		: 3 (2+1) : Wednesday, 02.05.2018	Time		14.00 to 17.00 Total Marks : 80
	Note	•			
	11010	All questions from SECTIO	N "B" a		
		 All questions carry equal ma Draw neat diagrams wherever 		arı	<i>1</i> .
,			CTION		
Q.1					rigated wheat (timely sown) on the
	a)	Soil and climate	b))	Seeds and sowing
	c)	Irrigation management	d))	Harvesting and yield.
Q.2	Des	cribe the cultivation practices of o	chick pe	a v	vith respect to.
	a)	Soil and climate	b))	Seeds and sowing
e,	c)	Improved varieties	d))	Harvesting and yield
Q.3	Exp	lain in detail the cultivation of sa	fflower	on	the following points.
•	a)	Soil and climate	b))	Seeds and sowing
	c)	Nutrient management	_ d))	Harvesting and yield
Q.4	Prep	pare a leaflet on cultivation of lu	cerne or	ı tl	ne following points.
	a)	Seed bed preparation	b))	Seeds and sowing
	c)	Nutrient management	d))	Cutting management and yield
Q.5	Des	cribe in brief the cultivation of pr	e-seasor	nal	sugarcane on the following points.
	a)	Selection of seed material	b))	Planting time and method
	c)	Fertilizer management	ď)	Varieties
Q.6	Wri	te about the cultivation of potato	on follo	wi	ng points.
	a)	Soil and climate	b))	Seeds and sowing
	c)	Varieties	ď)	Harvesting and yield
Q.7	Des	cribe in brief the cultivation of Is	abgol or	ı fo	ollowing points
	a)	Soil and climate	b)	Seeds and sowing
	c)	Fertilizer management	ď)	Harvesting and yield

8

Semester : IV (Old) Term	: II Academic Year : 2017-18
Course No. : ASDS 242 Title	: Livestock Breeding and Nutrition
Credits : 2(1+1)	
Day & Date: Saturday, 28.04.2018 Time	: 14.00 to 16.00 Total Marks : 40
Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from S. 2. All questions from SECTION "B" at 3. All questions carry equal marks. 4. Draw neat diagrams wherever necess	re compulsory.
SECTION 6	"A"
Q.1 Classify the feeding stuffs with examples and feed stuff.	l explain in brief about non conventional
Q.2 Describe the functions of various organs of d	igestive system of cattle.
Q.3 State concept and brief history of animal bree	eding.
Q.4 What is feeding standard? Classify the feeding	g standards and give their advantages.
Q.5 Differentiate between the following.	
 a) Quantitative and qualitative traits 	
 b) Plant and animal body 	
Q.6 Explain in brief the methods of selection.	
Q.7 Enlist feed nutrients and state functions of m	inerals in animal body.
Q.8 Write in brief on.	
a) Complete feed block b)	Gene firequency
Q.9 Describe cell division with respect to mitosis	
Q.10 Describe gene and their functions.	
SECTION	"B"
Q.11 State True or False.	
 The number of chromosomes in each sor 	natic cell is the same for all species.
Fish meal is the best source of protein su	pplement in poultry feed.
 ARC feeding standard is based on DM, I 	DCP and TDN requirements.
 The sum of all organic digestible nutrien 	ts is known as digestible crude protein.
Q.12 Fill in the blanks.	
1) Numbers of chromosomes in cattle are _	
Mating of a crossbred animal back to on	e of the pure parent sire is called
3) Gross energy in a feed can be determined	d by burning it in an instrument called
4) Animal body contains per c	ent carbohydrates.
***	* * * *

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester	: IV (Old)	Term : II Academic Year : 2017-18
Course No.	: BOT 245	Title : Breeding of Field and Horticultural
Credits	: 3 (2+1)	Crops
Day & Date	: Thursday, 03.05.2018	Time : 14.00 to 17.00 Total Marks : 80

Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A".

- 2. All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Q.1 What do you mean by combining ability? State its types and explain the role of combining ability in crop breeding.
- Q.2 Define biotic stress. Explain the types of genetic resistance to disease and various sources of disease resistance.
- Q.3 State the Hardy-Weinberg law. Explain the factors disturbing/affecting the equilibrium in Mendelian population.
- Q.4 Complete the following table:

Sr. No.	Crop	Origin	Botanical Name	Family	Chromosome No	Wild relatives
1.	Wheat					
2.	Chickpea					
3.	Groundnut					
4.	Brinjal					

- Q.5 Define plant genetic resources. Enlist various types of germplasm and explain different activities related to germplasm conservation.
- Q.6 Explain major steps involved in ideotype breeding. Give the main features of Rice ideotype.
- Q.7 What are Intellectual Property Rights? Enlist benefits of IPR and explain in detail plant breeders rights.
- Q.8 Write breeding objectives, constrains encountered in hybridization and breeding achievements in mango.
- Q.9 Define mutation. Explain causes and characteristics of mutation. Give the types of mutation with examples.
- Q.10 Differentiate between (Any Two).
 - a) Drought avoidance and drought tolerance
 - b) Synthetic and composite varieties in maize
 - c) Additive variance and dominance variance

(P.T.O.)

SECTION "B"

Q.II	Fill in the blanks.				
1)	Proline and Betaine accumulation appears	to be	e indicator of		
2)	In a large number of plants of similar phenotype are selected and their seeds are mixed together to constitute the new variety.				
3)	The full form of ICARDA is				
4)	The botanical name of flax is				
5)	The full form of NRCG located at Manjari		•		
6)	AICMIP was the first All India coordinguidance and assistance of for		이 판매를 가졌다면서 가게 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다.		
7)	method allows equal survival of all segregants.				
8)	research Institute formerly known as MACS, Pune.				
Q.12	a) Define the following terms.				
	1) Allopolyploidy	2)	Multiline varieties		
	3) Inbred	4)	Isogenic lines		
	b) Give the contribution of following sci				
	1) Karpenchenko	2)	Dr. C.A.Barber and T. S. Venkatraman		
	3) Thomas Fairchild	4)	Hull, F.H. (1945)		
	·	\$ \$	* * *		

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Term : II Academic Year : 2017-18 Course No. : ECON 243 Title : Agricultural Finance and Cooperation Credits : 2(1+1) Day & Date : Thursday, 26.04.2018 Time : 14.00 to 16.00 Total Marks : 40

- Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A".
 - 2. All questions from SECTION "B" are compulsory.
 - All questions carry equal marks.
 - Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Define co-operation. Enlist different principles of Co-operation and explain any one of Q.1 them.
- Enlist different types of loan repayment plans? Write in detail about amortized Q.2 repayment plan?
- Q.3 Define agricultural credit and classify the agricultural credit on the basis of security and time of repayment period.
- Enlist the names of different higher finance agencies and write in brief about IMF. Q.4
- Q.5 Write short notes (Any Two).
 - Management and capital structure of Regional Rural Bank (RRBs).
 - Co-operative movement in pre-independence period in India.
 - c) Role of NABARD in rural credit.
- Q.6 State and explain in short "Discounted measures of project appraisal".
- Q.7 Enlist the principles of farm finance? Explain in detail any two of them.
- Q.8 Enumerate different sources of Agricultural credit. Explain in short about "Cooperative credit structure in India".
- Q.9 Define agricultural finance. Explain the scope and importance of agricultural finance.
- Define Crop Insurance. Give in detail salient features of "Comprehensive Crop Insurance Scheme".

SECTION "B"

- Q.11. State True or False.
 - 1) In amortized even repayment plan the annual installment over the entire loan period remains the same.
 - Landlords are the source of Institutional credit.
 - Crop loan is repaid in suitable equated installments.
 - The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) was also called World Bank.
- Give full form of the following.
 - AIRCSC
- 2) DIRS
- PLDBS
- 4) DICGC



B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester : IV (Old) Academic Year : 2017-18 Term : II Course No. : ENTO 242 : Insect Ecology, Integrated Pest Title Management and Beneficial Insects Credits : 3 (2+1) Day & Date : Friday, 27.04.2018 : 14.00 to 17.00 Time Total Marks: 80 Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION "A".

- All questions from **SECTION** "B" are compulsory.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION "A"

- Q.1 Define Integrated Pest Management (IPM). Discuss in brief concepts of IPM.
- Q.2 Give classification of insecticide based on chemical composition along with any one example.
- Q.3 Describe cultural methods of pest management with suitable examples.
- Q.4 Describe any four causes of pest outbreak in agro-ecosystem.
 - Explain the effect of abiotic factors on insect population.
- Q.5 Describe mass production technique of Cryptolaemus montrouzieri.
 - Explain the role of microorganisms in insect pest management.
- Q.6 Explain mechanical methods of pest control.
- Q.7 Write short notes (Any Two).
 - Species of honey bees

Mass multiplication of HaNPV

- Rodent management
- Q.8 Enumerate the characteristics of ideal parasitoid.
 - Discuss physical methods of insect pest management.
- Q.9 Describe the importance of sericulture. Explain in brief rearing technique of mulberry silkworm for production of cocoons.
- Describe the insecticidal formulations along with their examples.

SECTION "B"

- Define the following terms.
 - LD_{50}
- Apiculture
- 3) ETL
- 4) Systemic insecticide

- Repellent
- Antixenosis
- 7) Moriculture
- 8) Key pest

- Q.12 Answer in one sentence.
 - What is pest surveillance?
 - Give any one example of insect predator.
 - State the alkaloid present in neem.
 - Name the antidotes for poisoning due to OP insecticides.
 - What is pheromone?
 - Give an example of chemosterilant.
 - Name the host crops Rangini strain of lac insect.
 - In which year the insecticides Act was passed in India?



	B.Sc. (4	
Semester Course N		: II Academic Year : 2017-18 : Production Technology of Spices,
Credits	: 2(1+1)	Aromatics, Medicinal and Plantation
		Crops : 14.00 to 16.00
Day & D		
No	 Solve ANY EIGHT questions from 2. All questions from SECTION "B All questions carry equal marks. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary 	" are compulsory.
	SECTIO	N "A"
Q.1 D	Define Spices. Write in short about the im	portance of spices cultivation in India.
Q.2 D	Discuss about cultivation of plantago ovar	e (Isabgol) on following points
a	n) Medicinal use	b) Soil and Climate
c	 Planting season and Seed rate/ha 	d) Varieties
Q.3 D	Describe the cultivation of turmeric on fol	lowing points.
a	Propagation and planting	b) Varieties
c)) Harvesting and yield	d) Curing and polishing
Q.4 D	Describe in brief the cultivation of coffee	on following points.
a	Soil and Climatic requirement	b) Propagation and planting
c	c) Varieties	d) Processing
Q.5 V	Write cultivation practices of citronella gra	ass on following points.
a	a) Soil and Climate	b) Propagation and planting
c) Varieties	d) Harvesting and yield
Q.6 D	Discuss the cultivation of black pepper on	following aspects.
a	Soil and Climate	b) Propagation and planting
c	c) Varieties	d) Harvesting and yield
Q.7 D	Describe the cultivation of dioscoria on fo	llowing points.
a	n) Medicinal uses	b) Propagation
c	 Planting season and spacing 	d) Harvesting
Q.8 D	Describe the cultivation of cashewnut on f	ollowing points.
a	Soil and Climate	b) Propagation and planting
c)) Varieties	d) Harvesting and yield
Q.9 G	Give the information pertaining to vetiver	on following points.
a)) Propagation	b) Improved varieties
c)	e) Planting season and spacing	d) Harvesting and yield
		(P.T.O.)

Q.10	Write short notes (Any Two).							
	a)) Medicinal uses of Senna						
b) Harvesting and processing of Cardamom								
	c)	Trailing methods in Betel vine						
		SECTIO)N "]	В"				
Q.11	Fill	in the blanks.						
	The National Research Centre for seed spices is located at							
•	2)	Rauvolfia serpentina is propagated by	veg	etative means				
	 is a shell-less fruit bearing variety of oil palm. 			riety of oil palm.				
	4)	Pragati and CKP-25 are the improved	vari	eties of				
Q.12	Ma	tch the following pairs.						
		"A"		"B"				
	1)	Tea	a)	Morphine				
	2)	Palmarosa	b)	Geraniol				
	3)	Opium poppy	c)	Caffeine				
	4)	Fenugreek	d)	Sapogenin				

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	B.Sc. (Agri.	.)
Semester		: II Academic Year : 2017-18
Course No Credits	fo. : PATH 243 · Title : 3 (2+1)	: Diseases of Field Crops and Their Management
Day & Da		: 14.00 to 17.00 Total Marks : 80
Not	te: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SI 2. All questions from SECTION "B" are 3. All questions carry equal marks. 4. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessar	ECTION "A". e compulsory.
	SECTION '	'A"
Q.1 W	rite symptoms, causes and management of the	he following (Any Two).
a)	Wilt of red gram b)	Wilt of bengal gram
c)	Wilt of safflower	
Q.2 Gi	ive in short the causes, symptoms and manag	gement of following.
a)	Angular leaf spot of cotton b)	Tikka disease of groundnut
Q.3 W	rite causal organism, transmission and mana	gement of following disease.
a)	Bud necrosis of groundnut b)	Grassy shoot of sugarcane
Q.4 a)	Write in brief about black stem rust of who	eat.
b)	Enlist important diseases of rice and des strategies for bacterial blight.	scribe the symptoms and management
Q.5 W	rite in brief about following.	
a)	Hot water treatment b)	Solar heat treatment
c)	Fungicidal seed treatment d)	Brine water treatment
Q.6 W	rite short notes (Any Two).	
a)	Powdery mildew of black gram b)	Leaf blotch of turmeric
c)	Ergot of bajra	
Q.7 a)	Enlist diseases of soybean. Enumerate syr rust of soybean.	nptoms and management strategies for
b)	Describe the symptoms and management of	of whip smut of sugarcane.
Q.8 a)	Describe in detail about sesamum phyllod	y.
b)	Enlist important ear head diseases of sorg detail about grain smut of sorghum.	hum with causal pathogen and write in
Q.9 W	rite primary and secondary source of infection	on of following diseases.
a)	Downy mildew of maize by	Leaf blight of safflower
c)	Alternaria leaf spot of castor d	Anthracnose of cotton
		(P.T.O.)

Q.10	a)	Write transmission, symptoms and management of pigeon pea sterility mosaic.
	b)	Write in brief about the symptoms and management of downy mildew of sunflower.
		SECTION "B"
Q.11	Sta	te True or False.
	1)	Long smut of sorghum is internally seed borne.
	2)	Asci without ascocarp are produced in Taphrina infecting turmeric.
	3)	Reddening in cotton can be managed by MgSo4 spray and proper drainage.
	4)	BPMR-145 is powdery mildew resistant variety of mung bean.
	5)	Evident symptoms of charcoal rot of sorghum are lodging and poor grain filling.
	6)	Glomerella tucumanensis is imperfect state of Colletotrichum falcatum.
	7)	Brinjal is alternate host of bajra rust.
	8)	Leaf curl of tobacco is transmitted by aphids.
Q.12	Fil	l in the blanks.
	1)	Broom rape (Orobanche spp.) is a flowering root parasite of
	2)	causes false smut disease in rice.
	3)	Yellow rust of wheat is caused by
	4)	Yellow mosaic of green gram is spread through
	5)	Botrytis squamosa causes disease of garlic.
	6)	Wilt of linseed is caused by
	7)	The sexual spore of ergot fungi is
	8)	Secondary spread of ragi blast conidia occurs by

B.Sc. (Agri.)

Semester	: IV (Old)	Term	: II Acade	mic Year : 2017-18	
Course No. Credits	: SSAC 243	TUAL.	. Manuas Fastilis	Manures, Fertilizers and Agrochemicals	
	: 3 (2+1)	Title	: Manures, Fertina		
Day & Date	: Saturday, 05.05.2018	Time	: 14.00 to 17.00	Total Marks : 80	
Note:	 Solve ANY EIGHT questi All questions from SECTI All questions carry equal m Draw neat diagrams where 	ON "B" a ıarks.	are compulsory.		

SECTION "A"

- Q.1 a) Define organic recycling. State the significance of C: N ratio.
 - b) Differentiate between bulky and concentrated organic manures.
- Q.2 Write short notes (Any Four).
 - a) Fish meal

- b) Losses during handling and storage of FYM
- c) Complex fertilizer
- d) Vermicompost

e) Poudrette

- f) Ammonium nitrate
- Q.3 a) Define FYM. Explain Trench method of preparation of FYM.
 - b) Define composting. Describe Indore method of composting.
- Q.4 a) Define green manuring. Explain decomposition of green manuring in son.
 - b) Define fertilizers. Classify the nitrogenous fertilizers with one example each.
- Q.5 a) Define micronutrient give the classification of micronutrient fertilizers.
 - b) Write in detail about handling and storage of N, P and K fertilizers.
- Q.6 a) Define bio-fertilizers. Elaborate the symbiotic and non symbiotic nitrogen fixation.
 - b) Classify the phosphatic fertilizers. Describe the management of phosphatic fertilizers in soil.
- Q.7 a) Explain in detail the plant originated insecticides.
 - b) Give the classification and mode of action of organochloride insecticides.
- Q.8 a) Give the classification and properties of potassic fertilizers.
 - b) Define phytohormones and give the classification of phytohormones.
- Q.9 a) Explain in detail the mode of action of herbicides.
 - b) Describe the insecticide Act.
- Q.10 a) Define pesticide. Give the classification of pesticides along with examples.
 - b) State the reaction of micro-nutrient in soil.

(P.T.O.)

SECTION "B"

Q.11 Define the following terms.

- Chelate
- 3) Sewage
- 5) Chemosterilant
- 7) Ammonification



- 2) Sludge
- 4) Fungicide
- 6) Inhibitor
- 8) Defoliant

Q.12 Do as directed.

- 1) State any two examples of herbicides.
- 2) Name two crops grown in situ under green manuring.
- 3) What is mineralization of organic matter?
- 4) State one example of amide fertilizer.
- Give two examples of fungicides.
- State two examples of carbamates.
- Name two edible and non edible oil cakes.
- 8) Give C: N ratio of soil and saw dust.

